ARTICLE 10 – COMMUNITY CONSULTATION AND PARTICIPATION

10.01 Community Consultation and Participation

The Council will promote community consultation and participation through a range of opportunities as set out in Table 1 below. Where Councillors are appointed to outside bodies this information is included within the Council's website.

Table 1

Consultation and Participation Opportunity	Form, Function and Scope
Local Councils	Autonomous local authorities within a set area able to raise funds through the Council Tax to provide local services (i.e. Town and Parish Councils). Consultation with local Councils could also include consultation with the Tendring District Association of Local Councils (TDALC). It should be remembered that not all areas in the District have local Councils.
Community Forums	Public meetings designed to enable the Council to engage with specific sections or areas of the local community so that services are designed to meet their needs.
Community/Business Groups	Organisations that represent individuals, businesses etc. They may be solely local in nature or affiliated to regional/national bodies. Consultation will depend entirely on the nature of the organisation and the interests they seek to represent or provide for. Organisations will vary in size and the administrative support available to them.
Tenants and Sheltered Housing Panels	Organised through the Tenants' Compact as a consultation and participation opportunity for tenants and private owners of properties in estates. These Panels provide an opportunity for general consultation and participation by area.
Service Users	Consultation with those who use a particular service can provide extensive information about how that service can meet expectations about it.
Petitions	The Council has approved and published a Petitions Scheme detailing how it will respond to petitions received from the community.
Surveys, feedback and Consultations	Throughout the year a number of paper based and on-line surveys and consultations are undertaken to seek residents' views. Through complaints monitoring the Council can examine feedback the complaints provide to identify areas to

Part 2 – ARTICLES

ARTICLE 10 – COMMUNITY CONSULTATION & PARTICIPATION

	address. The Council's social media accounts provide opportunities for the public to seek responses and express views.
Public Invitation/Notice	Whether required by statute or otherwise, public notices on the Council's website, principal offices, "site notices", notices to adjoining owners and in newspapers can invite comments on issues set out in the invitation/notice. Examples include notices to business ratepayers on the draft budget/capital programme under Section 65 of the Local Government Act 1992; with neighbours/interested parties under Article 15 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015 in respect of planning applications; and Regulation 38 of the Licensing Act 2003 (Premises licences and club premises certificates) Regulations 2005 in respect of review applications.
Participation in	Reviews undertaken by Overview and Scrutiny (including Task and Finish Groups) may include consultation with the
Overview and	local community, where appropriate, and/or representatives of community of other groups to inform their enquiries.
Scrutiny Reviews	
Ward Councillors	The Council will seek to consult with the relevant Ward Councillor(s) on issues that directly affect their ward. In
	particular, Article 7 of this Constitution (The Executive), sets out in section 3 consultation requirements with Ward
	Councillors.
Boards and Panels w	rith various Partner Organisations: details of the specific Boards are set out in Table 2 below.

Table 2

Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
Community Safety & Health & Well- Being Board	The Tendring Community Safety Partnership has identified 4 key strategic themes to reduce crime and the fear of crime in the District and to improve community safety.	Tendring District Council Essex Police
The Crime and Disorder Act came into force in July 1998 and required CDRPs (now known as CSP's) to be set up in	These are:	Essex County Council
each District in England and Wales. The Act placed an obligation on local authorities and the Police, (amongst	 Tackling and Enforcement of ASB issues; To reduce harm to and safeguard vulnerable victims (including Children); 	Police and Crime Commissioner
others), to work together to develop and implement a strategy to tackle crime and disorder in the area.	 Reducing Violence and Knife Crime Reduce youth offending and re-offending of adults and young people and thus support the overarching theme for Safer 	Essex County Fire and Rescue Service
Under the Act and the subsequent Police Reform Act 2002, the named stakeholders	Essex.	Essex Community Rehabilitation Company
have been designated "Responsible Authorities" and are held responsible for this work.		National Probation Service
To improve the health and well-being of the population of the District and reduce	Provide strong and effective political and public leadership for health and well-being locally;	North East Essex CCG and members of the
health inequalities.	2. Engage with the local population to better understand the health and well-being issues and needs in Tendring and ensure that this	voluntary sector
	is captured in County and District needs assessments.	Essex County Council (host authority)

Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
	Through the JSNA and local stakeholder engagement, identify key priorities for health and local government commissioning and develop clear plans for using combined resources;	Community Voluntary Sector
	 Realise opportunities to engage with the Essex Health and Well- being Board work streams and other initiatives such as Community Budgets; 	Essex Carers
	5. Foster good engagement with the North East Essex Clinical Commissioning Group.	Clinical Commissioning Group
	6. Take an overview of the delivery of the strategic plans of the North East Essex CCG plan and the County Health and	St Helena Hospice
	Well-being Strategy and identify the role other sectors, public, voluntary and private, could contribute;	Job Centre Plus
	Totalia, and private, each contribute,	Health Watch
	7. Monitor and review the implementation of the County Joint Health and Well-being Strategy locally.	Citizens Advice Bureau

Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
Tendring Education Strategic Board (TESB) A strategic board with responsibility for supporting improvement in the quality of education and outcomes for children and young people across the Tendring District. The County and District Councils work collaboratively with schools and education partners to bring their collective effort and energy to address key priorities.	 The purpose of the TESB is to: Raise educational outcomes for the children and young people of Tendring Positively impact on the wider society of Tendring through improvement of education Influence other programmes to specifically support CYP and their families Connect with other organisations to target funding and initiatives towards Tendring e.g. lottery funding, commissioned contracts Identifying and delivering collective solutions which increase the consistency of best practice and offer for CYP in Tendring In order to meet the above, the board have targeted their focus on 3 key areas. The priorities which have been agreed by the TESB for 2020/21 academic year are: 1. Recruitment of high-quality staff 2. Retention of high-quality staff 3. Improved Pupil Attendance and Engagement of Children, Young People and their Families There is also a sub-group working on the development of the Post 16 local offer who will report into the TESB as well as a regional/national barriers subgroup looking at solutions to any potential barriers within the locality. 	Essex County Council (ECC Officer Chair of Board) Secondary school head teachers Representation from primary school head teachers Local Education Partners

Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
Local Highways Panel	Improve local highway amenities;	Membership of the Panel is made up of all 8 County
Each District or Borough Council has a local Highways Panel set up with Essex County Council as a new way of working	 To consider proposed schemes and recommendations from the County Councillors elected to represent the District to the relevant County Council Portfolio Holder; but 	Members representing Tendring, 4 District Councillors, and a
to improve highway amenities in each individual district using the County Council's local highway budget.	Excluding the scheduled maintenance and improvement programme.	Member of TDALC. ECC host the meeting.
Suffolk and North East Essex Integrated Care System (ICS)	Suffolk and North East Essex Integrated Care System (ICS) brings together the full spectrum of partners responsible for planning and	NHS Commissioners
The ICS brings partners together in	delivering health and care across North East Essex; Ipswich and East Suffolk; and West Suffolk to ensure shared leadership and joint action	NHS Provider Trusts
relation to health and care to join up provision and improve the health and wellbeing of the population.	to improve the health and well-being of the one million people who live locally.	Local Government including Tendring District Council and Essex
	The ICS has a key role to ensure joint working across the NHS and local authorities to make shared commissioning decisions together	County Council
	with providers on how to use resources, design services and improve population health.	NHS regulators
	The ICS seeks to improve the health and well-being of populations	Primary Care – GPs, community pharmacists,
	and reduce the health gap.	optometrists and dentists, independent sector
	The ICS outcomes are that everyone: - has a good start in life	providers
	is able to live a healthy a life as possiblehas a good experience of ageing	

Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
	- has a good experience at the end of their life	Community and voluntary sector, public, patient and
	and in addition to meet the East of England ambition that everyone has an extra 3 years of healthy life by 2029.	carer groups
		Education, research and police
North East Essex Health and Wellbeing Alliance	To support the Alliance vision of reducing inequality there is a focus on the wider determinants of health and a Live Well approach has been adopted to ensure communities are supported and empowered	Anglian Community Enterprise (ACE)
The Alliance is a collaboration of commissioners, providers and other	at each stage of their life.	Colchester Borough Council
system partners working together as an integrated system to transform the health and well-being of the population of North	 Start Well – children and young people have the best start in life Feel Well – people enjoy mental well-being 	Community 360
East Essex	- Be Well – adults are empowered to make healthy lifestyle choices	Community Voluntary Services Tendring
	 Age Well – people live safely and independently as they grow older Stay Well – Adults with health or care concerns are supported 	East of England Ambulance Service
	to maintain healthy, productive and fulfilling lives	
	Die Well – individuals nearing the end of life have choice around their care	East Suffolk and North Essex NHS Foundation Trust
	Six neighbourhood teams will be developed across North East Essex including three in Tendring and each will have a multi-disciplinary	Essex County Council

	team empowered and supported to deliver the Live Well outcomes in	
	their area.	Essex Partnership University NHS Foundation Trust
		Healthwatch
		North East Essex Clinical Commissioning Group
		St Helena Hospice
		Tendring District Council
		Virgin Care
Youth Strategy Group		The Group consist of
To act as local champions for young people's services within the District.	To identify the needs of young people in their local area, in partnership with district/borough/city councils and other agencies to develop a joint strategy for addressing gaps in provision. For articulating the local needs of young people, to understand the	agencies and organisations delivering services to young people within the age range 11-
To act as a consultative body to support the development of local provision, to	current provision and to set priorities in order to avoid duplication and fill gaps.	25 with a priority on those aged 13-19.
provide guidance on the type and quality of provision as required in the District and	To identify and build relationships with the voluntary sector and/or private sector partners to attract new provision and funding	In addition
influence the use of existing youth work	opportunities to meet priorities and extend the offer to young people.	representatives from:
resources.	To ensure that measures are in place to safeguard the financial probity of any projects, programmes or arrangements that the Group	All local county councillors
To act as a catalyst to draw together	would enter into.	• 1 district cllr
partners and key stakeholders to identify	To provide a local forum through which informed debate in relation to	• 1 district officer

priorities and delivery provision for young people.	services and support for young people can take place. To make recommendations to appropriate local agencies and commissioning boards about local service priorities. To inform how services for young people might be delivered and coordinated to avoid duplication. To consider and advise the relevant cabinet member on the use of local allocations of capital expenditure.	 1 Youth Service worker involved in local area delivery 3 young people: one Young Essex Assembly Member (YEA) and two other young people (aged between 13-19 years) who are service users and/or from the local community
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Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
North East Essex Local Children's Partnership Board (LCPB)	The primary aim of the LCPB is to improve the outcomes for children and young people in the area by:	The LCPB will be made up of the leaders of local agencies and the Board
Brings together partners at local level and is underpinned by the Children's Act 2004 duty to co-operate (as amended). The	 strengthening the services and processes that keep children and young people safe from neglect and abuse; 	may co-opt members as they see appropriate.
purpose of the LCPB is for partners to work together to determine local needs,	developing an action plan within its overarching priorities which enables children and young people to aspire, learn, achieve	Current membership is:
identify priorities and develop action plans to secure better outcomes for children and	highly and realise their potential;	NHS
young people in the District/Borough.	• improving the life chances of Looked After Children, young carers and all other children and families at risk of poor outcomes;	District Council
The LCPB is accountable to the Essex	·	Police
Children's Partnership Board (ECPB). Undertaking its activity within the framework of the Essex Children and	reducing the impact of poverty and recession on the lives of children, young people and their families thereby providing children, young people and families with apportunities to	LSP
Young People's Plan, reflecting the relevant Health and Well-Being Plan	children, young people and families with opportunities to contribute meaningfully and be involved in the development and delivery of services in their local communities.	Job Centre Plus
Priorities for children, young people and	delivery of delivides in their local delimination.	Voluntary – community
families.	The LCPB will ensure that a robust and effective relationship with the	sector
The LCPB engages with the local community, analysing and determining local need and informing the county wide	Essex Safeguarding Children's Board exists through the local Stay Safe Group which is a sub group of, and accountable to, the LCPB, consulting with them on safeguarding issues and on the development of the local Stay Safe Plan.	Essex School Governors Association
Joint Strategic Needs Analysis and the	, and the second	Education Essex County Council
Strategy of the ECPB. The LCPB	The LCPB will also ensure that there are appropriate links and	Education Essex County Council

Board:	Role and Objectives	Partnership Stakeholders
provides a local governance structure for integrated working practise and a local focus for collaboration.	reporting arrangements to other relevant local bodies and boards associated with District/Borough/City Councils, Education, Health and Social Care.	
Tendring Independent Advisory Group (TIAG)	Provide a channel for the exchange of information between the Police and diverse communities/groups of Essex (Tendring)	Tendring District Council (Chair)
Purpose of TIAG:	2. Provide advice to Essex Police, in particular in the areas of:	Essex Police
To assist in the communication exchange between Essex Police and all Essex communities (Tendring), and provide independent advice to Essex Police to ensure a fair and non-discriminatory police service to all communities gaining their trust and confidence and promoting community cohesion.	 Hate crime Policing operations, critical and/or Major Incidents Police training Stop and Search 3. Share knowledge, awareness and experience of community issues, good practice and areas of development with the group 4. Work at the direction of the Strategic IAG when required, in particular to provide advice and guidance to Essex Police on the development and introduction of policies and practices to ensure they do not exclude, discriminate or have an unjustifiable adverse impact on any community	Voluntary and Community Groups Members of BAME communities Faith Groups
	5. To assist Essex Police in developing their understanding of the needs and expectations of the diverse communities of Essex, as	

they relate to providing a fair and non-discriminatory police service	
A Critical Incident is defined as: "any incident where the effectiveness of the Police response is likely to have a significant impact upon the confidence of the victim, their family, and/or the community".	